

## 4-Amino-2-methylquinoline monohydrate

Xi-Shi Tai,<sup>a\*</sup> Jun Xu,<sup>b</sup> Yi-Min Feng<sup>a</sup> and Zu-Pei Liang<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Weifang Institute of Supervision and Inspection of Product Quality, Weifang 261031, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: taixishi@lzu.edu.cn

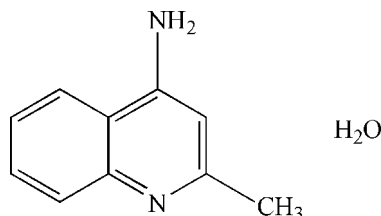
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.033;  $wR$  factor = 0.094; data-to-parameter ratio = 7.4.

The crystal structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ , is stabilized by intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ ,  $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$  hydrogen bonds.

### Related literature

For related literature, see: Tai *et al.* (2003, 2008); Tai, Yin & Feng (2007); Tai, Yin & Hao (2007); Tai, Yin *et al.* (2007); Tai & Feng (2008); Wang *et al.* (2007).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 176.22$

Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$

$a = 4.7432$  (8) Å

$b = 13.9070$  (13) Å

$c = 14.5129$  (16) Å

$V = 957.3$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.08$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  (2) K

$0.43 \times 0.35 \times 0.32$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.966$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.975$

3925 measured reflections

882 independent reflections

716 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$

$wR(F^2) = 0.093$

$S = 1.04$

882 reflections

119 parameters

1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.10$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.11$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.94	2.791 (3)	174
$\text{O1}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{N1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	1.96	2.805 (3)	171
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.10	2.947 (4)	168
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B} \cdots \text{N2}^{\text{iv}}$	0.86	2.51	3.321 (4)	158

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z$ ; (ii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2564).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o1026 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536808013093 ]

## 4-Amino-2-methylquinoline monohydrate

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### Comment

As part of our ongoing studies of the coordination chemistry of ligands containing nitrogen (Tai *et al.*, 2003; Tai, Yin & Feng, 2007; Tai, Yin, Feng & Kong, 2007; Tai, Yin & Hao, 2007; Tai & Feng, 2008; Tai, Feng & Zhang, 2008; Wang *et al.*, 2007), we now report the structure of the title compound, (I), (Fig. 1).

In the molecule of (I), the geometrical parameters for (I) are normal. The packing is stabilized by the intermolecular O—H $\cdots$ N, N—H $\cdots$ O and N—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

### Experimental

1 mmol of Ethyl benzoylacetate was added to a solution of 4-amino-2-methylquinoline (1 mmol) in 10 ml of 95% ethanol. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at refluxing temperature. Evaporating some ethanol, clear blocks of (I) were obtained after one weeks.

### Refinement

The H atoms were placed geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, O—H = 0.852 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier})$ .

### Figures

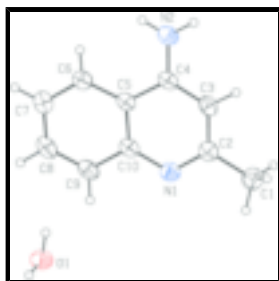


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) showing 30% displacement ellipsoids.

## 4-Amino-2-methylquinoline monohydrate

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}_1$

$M_r = 176.22$

Orthorhombic,  $Pna2_1$

$F_{000} = 376$

$D_x = 1.223 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

# supplementary materials

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Hall symbol: P 2c -2n  
 $a = 4.7432$  (8) Å  
 $b = 13.9070$  (13) Å  
 $c = 14.5129$  (16) Å  
 $V = 957.3$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

Cell parameters from 1365 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.8$ – $23.5^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.08$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  (2) K  
Block, colourless  
 $0.43 \times 0.35 \times 0.32$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Monochromator: graphite  
 $T = 298$ (2) K  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.966$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.975$   
3925 measured reflections

882 independent reflections  
716 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$   
 $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$   
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -16 \rightarrow 15$   
 $l = -14 \rightarrow 17$

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.093$   
 $S = 1.05$   
882 reflections  
119 parameters  
1 restraint  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0498P)^2 + 0.1333P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.10$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.11$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
Extinction correction: none

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.0728 (5)	0.56239 (17)	0.32460 (17)	0.0508 (7)
N2	0.2819 (6)	0.33360 (19)	0.49988 (18)	0.0612 (7)
H2A	0.1996	0.3288	0.5525	0.073*
H2B	0.4034	0.2911	0.4832	0.073*
O1	0.9245 (4)	0.69712 (15)	0.18915 (16)	0.0582 (6)
H1	1.0702	0.7326	0.1914	0.070*
H2	0.9510	0.6552	0.2309	0.070*
C1	-0.2458 (8)	0.6300 (2)	0.4362 (3)	0.0672 (9)
H1A	-0.2491	0.6802	0.3907	0.101*
H1B	-0.1891	0.6563	0.4945	0.101*
H1C	-0.4306	0.6024	0.4417	0.101*
C2	-0.0410 (6)	0.5538 (2)	0.4074 (2)	0.0488 (8)
C3	0.0273 (7)	0.4782 (2)	0.46651 (19)	0.0485 (7)
H3	-0.0600	0.4746	0.5238	0.058*
C4	0.2193 (6)	0.4091 (2)	0.44254 (18)	0.0452 (7)
C5	0.3470 (6)	0.4156 (2)	0.35341 (19)	0.0429 (7)
C6	0.5474 (7)	0.3508 (2)	0.3196 (2)	0.0523 (8)
H6	0.6030	0.2992	0.3562	0.063*
C7	0.6634 (8)	0.3615 (3)	0.2340 (2)	0.0608 (9)
H7	0.7952	0.3175	0.2124	0.073*
C8	0.5828 (7)	0.4388 (3)	0.1796 (3)	0.0631 (9)
H8	0.6624	0.4464	0.1215	0.076*
C9	0.3892 (7)	0.5037 (2)	0.20989 (19)	0.0568 (9)
H9	0.3382	0.5549	0.1722	0.068*
C10	0.2654 (6)	0.4944 (2)	0.29716 (19)	0.0455 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0487 (14)	0.0540 (14)	0.0498 (15)	-0.0009 (12)	-0.0061 (12)	0.0071 (12)
N2	0.0754 (19)	0.0656 (16)	0.0428 (14)	0.0058 (15)	0.0043 (13)	0.0133 (12)
O1	0.0614 (12)	0.0590 (11)	0.0544 (12)	-0.0011 (11)	-0.0117 (12)	0.0083 (10)
C1	0.062 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.074 (2)	0.0027 (18)	0.0037 (19)	-0.0011 (17)
C2	0.0423 (17)	0.0539 (17)	0.0502 (18)	-0.0078 (14)	-0.0049 (14)	-0.0016 (15)
C3	0.0465 (16)	0.0590 (18)	0.0401 (16)	-0.0100 (15)	0.0010 (13)	-0.0024 (14)
C4	0.0428 (17)	0.0520 (16)	0.0406 (15)	-0.0113 (14)	-0.0062 (13)	0.0053 (13)
C5	0.0404 (15)	0.0502 (16)	0.0381 (14)	-0.0100 (13)	-0.0040 (12)	0.0022 (11)
C6	0.0500 (17)	0.0549 (17)	0.0519 (18)	-0.0033 (14)	-0.0021 (15)	0.0059 (14)
C7	0.056 (2)	0.070 (2)	0.056 (2)	-0.0027 (16)	0.0065 (17)	-0.0026 (16)
C8	0.059 (2)	0.084 (2)	0.0464 (16)	-0.0094 (18)	0.0060 (17)	0.0093 (18)
C9	0.0569 (18)	0.069 (2)	0.0440 (19)	-0.0077 (18)	-0.0041 (14)	0.0147 (14)
C10	0.0416 (15)	0.0540 (17)	0.0408 (15)	-0.0100 (13)	-0.0067 (13)	0.0042 (13)

# supplementary materials

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## Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

N1—C2	1.322 (4)	C3—H3	0.9300
N1—C10	1.374 (4)	C4—C5	1.431 (4)
N2—C4	1.372 (4)	C5—C6	1.399 (4)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C5—C10	1.420 (4)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C6—C7	1.367 (5)
O1—H1	0.8500	C6—H6	0.9300
O1—H2	0.8499	C7—C8	1.387 (5)
C1—C2	1.497 (5)	C7—H7	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9600	C8—C9	1.361 (5)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—H1C	0.9600	C9—C10	1.402 (4)
C2—C3	1.396 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—C4	1.369 (4)		
C2—N1—C10	118.2 (2)	N2—C4—C5	120.3 (3)
C4—N2—H2A	120.0	C6—C5—C10	118.7 (3)
C4—N2—H2B	120.0	C6—C5—C4	124.3 (3)
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C10—C5—C4	116.9 (3)
H1—O1—H2	104.5	C7—C6—C5	121.4 (3)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C7—C6—H6	119.3
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C5—C6—H6	119.3
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C6—C7—C8	119.4 (3)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C6—C7—H7	120.3
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C7—H7	120.3
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C8—C7	121.1 (3)
N1—C2—C3	122.1 (3)	C9—C8—H8	119.4
N1—C2—C1	117.0 (3)	C7—C8—H8	119.4
C3—C2—C1	120.8 (3)	C8—C9—C10	120.8 (3)
C4—C3—C2	121.8 (3)	C8—C9—H9	119.6
C4—C3—H3	119.1	C10—C9—H9	119.6
C2—C3—H3	119.1	N1—C10—C9	118.4 (3)
C3—C4—N2	121.8 (3)	N1—C10—C5	123.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5	117.9 (3)	C9—C10—C5	118.5 (3)
C10—N1—C2—C3	-0.4 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C8	0.6 (5)
C10—N1—C2—C1	178.8 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.4 (5)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.9 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.1 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-178.3 (3)	C2—N1—C10—C9	-179.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—N2	-178.6 (3)	C2—N1—C10—C5	0.1 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (4)	C8—C9—C10—N1	179.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.6 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C5	0.1 (4)
N2—C4—C5—C6	-2.8 (4)	C6—C5—C10—N1	-179.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C10	0.7 (4)	C4—C5—C10—N1	-0.2 (4)
N2—C4—C5—C10	178.3 (2)	C6—C5—C10—C9	0.1 (4)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-0.5 (4)	C4—C5—C10—C9	179.1 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.4 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	1.94	2.791 (3)	174
O1—H2 $\cdots$ N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85	1.96	2.805 (3)	171
N2—H2A $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.86	2.10	2.947 (4)	168
N2—H2B $\cdots$ N2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.86	2.51	3.321 (4)	158

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, z$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+1, z+1/2$ ; (iv)  $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z$ .

Fig. 1

